

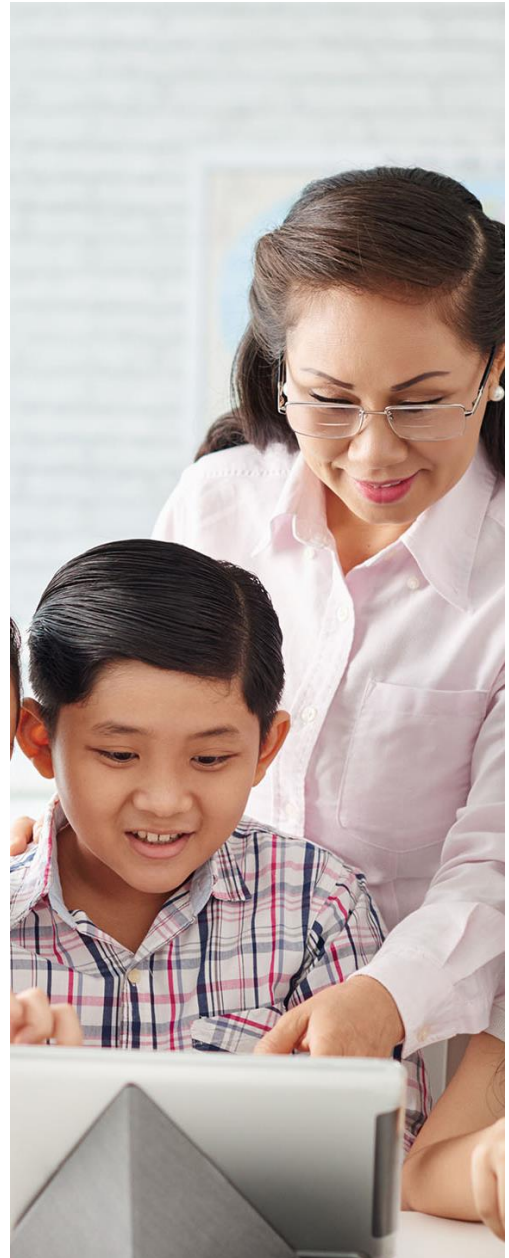


# Literacy Content Overview

Guide to the content covered in the FlashAcademy® literacy platform and where to find the lessons in the app.

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## Handwriting: Letters & Numbers

Lessons for pupils to practise handwriting upper- and lower-case letters and numbers.


KS1/2

Category	Lesson	Vocabulary covered
<b>Handwriting: Letters &amp; Numbers</b> 	Lesson 1	a, b, c, d
	Lesson 2	e, f, g, h
	Lesson 3	i, j, k, l
	Lesson 4	m, n, o, p, q
	Lesson 5	r, s, t, u, v
	Lesson 6	w, x, y, z
	Lesson 7	A, B, C, D
	Lesson 8	E, F, G, H
	Lesson 9	I, J, K, L
	Lesson 10	M, N, O, P, Q
	Lesson 11	R, S, T, U, V
	Lesson 12	W, X, Y, Z
	Lesson 13	0, 1, 2, 3
	Lesson 14	4, 5, 6
	Lesson 15	7, 8, 9

## Handwriting: Words

Lessons for pupils to practise writing their first words.

KS1/2

Category	Lesson	Vocabulary covered
<b>Handwriting: Words</b> 	Lesson 1	I, can, get, a, cat
	Lesson 2	we, go, for, the, day
	Lesson 3	dad, is, going, to, zoo
	Lesson 4	went, look, in, box, fox
	Lesson 5	yes, and, my, mum, see
	Lesson 6	no, am, up, at, noon
	Lesson 7	it, was, of, end, week
	Lesson 8	she, come, on, will, Monday
	Lesson 9	he, made, queen, jam, kind
	Lesson 10	big, dog, said, vet, happy
	Lesson 11	you, are, this, all, away
	Lesson 12	they, like, play, me, with

# Phonics

Based on Phases 2–5 of the National Curriculum.

KS1/2

Category	Lesson	Vocabulary covered
<b>Phonics 1</b> 	Set 1	s, a, t, p
	Set 2	l, n, m, d
	Set 3	g, o, c, k
	Set 4	ck, e, u, r
	Tricky words I	to, the, and, no, go, I
	Set 5	h, b, f, ff, l, ll, ss
	Set 6	j, v, w, x
	Tricky words II	he, she, we, me
	Set 7	y, z, zz, qu
	Additional sounds	ee, ch, sh, th, ng
	Joining vowel sounds I	oo, oo, oa, ai, igh
	Joining vowel sounds II	ar, or, ur, ow
	More tricky words III	was, my, your, be
	Even more tricky words IV	they, all, are, her
	More vowel sounds III	oi, ear, air, ure, er
<b>Phonics 2</b> 	Reading new sounds	ay, ou, ie, ea
	Reading new sounds II	oy, ir, ue, ue
	Reading more sounds III	aw, wh, ph, ew, ear
	Even more new sounds	oe, au, ey, are
	Different pronunciation	a, e, i, o, u
	Different pronunciation	ow, ie, ea, er, ou
	More tricky words V	said, have, like, so, do
	More tricky words VI	some, come, were, there, little
	Even more tricky words VII	one, when, out, what
	Initial 'R' clusters	tr, cr, dr, gr, br, fr
	Initial 'L' clusters	bl, cl, fl, gl, pl, sl
	More initial consonant clusters	sc, st, tw, pr
	Initial consonant clusters with 's'	sp, sk, sn, sm
	Final clusters	st, nd, mp, nt, nk
	More final clusters	ft, sk, lt, lp
	Even more final clusters	lf, lk, pt, xt
	3-letter clusters	nch, shr, thr, scr, str
	Even more tricky words VIII	oh, their, people, Mr, Mrs
	Even more tricky words IX	looked, called, asked, could
	Magic 'e'	a-e, e-e, i-e, o-e, u-e, u-e

## High Frequency Words

Lessons which teach the 300 most frequently used words based on the National Curriculum.

KS1/2

Category	Lesson	Vocabulary covered
<b>High Frequency Words 1</b> 	Who does what?	I, you, he, she, it, we, they
	Who owns what?	my, your, his, her, their
	Amounts	no, a, an, the, some, all
	Essential verbs	be, have, make, come, get, do, go
	Using prepositions	of, to, in, for, on, with, off, about
	Indicating location	there, here, at, from, by, up, down, into, back, out
	Useful verbs	like, look, see, help, put, ask
	Making questions	what, when, are, is
	Conjunctions	and, as, but, if, then, so
	Past tense verbs I	was, had, were, said, called, made
	Past tense verbs II	saw, looked, got, came, asked, went
	Helping verbs	could, should, will, can
	Time and numbers	just, day, one, now, time
	Pronouns	that, this, him, them, me
	Describing things	very, big, old, little
	People and places	mum, dad, Mr, Mrs, children, people, house
	Little words	oh, I'm, don't, it's, too, not
	<b>High Frequency Words 2</b> 	Common verbs
Verbs of motion		give, take, stop, play, going
Thinking and working		study, work, know, say, think
Past verbs I		ran, found, been, did, thought, laughed
Past verbs II		began, took, gave, wanted, shouted
Pronouns		our, us, other, these
People		man, boy, baby, everyone
Indicating location		away, way, round, next, through, around, over
Adjectives		new, good, right, long, small, fast, red
Specifying and giving amounts		well, something, many, lots, more, only, or
Question words		who, how, where
Helping verbs		may, would, couldn't, can't, must
Time and numbers		again, soon, two, every, never, first, after, three, still
Animals		bear, cat, dog, fox, fish, mouse
Stories		narrator, king, magic, animals, home, yes
Contractions		I've, that's, I'll, didn't
Things		door, bed, food, school, car, town, head, things
Nature		sea, garden, water, tree, night
<b>High Frequency Words 3</b>	Everyday Actions	run, grow, sleep, use, tell, begin
	Using verbs	let, keep, looking, looks, miss, coming
	People	mother, girl, eyes, feet, gran, friends, grandad





Things	boat, hat, tea, park, fun
At home	clothes, room, window, key, box, thing
Where?	top, there's, place, inside, across, under, last, along
The world around us	river, air, snow, trees, sun, plants, wind
Animals	eggs, birds, duck, horse, rabbit
Adjectives I	cold, hard, white, great, dark
Adjectives II	green, bad, hot, floppy
Little words	its, am, let's, he's, we're
Story time	end, book, queen, dragon, giant, fly, wish
Past I	cried, jumped, told, sat, fell, liked
Past II	pulled, gone, stopped, lived
Indicating time	ever, before, once, suddenly, morning
Comparing	best, most, better, than, different
Emphasising and explaining	even, really, because, why, please
Being specific	which, much, each, any, another

## Grammar & Punctuation

Lessons containing animated videos and grammar drills to support preparation for the KS2 SATs English grammar, punctuation & spelling test.



KS1/2

Category	Lesson	Content covered
<b>English Language</b> 	Capital letters	learning when to use capital letters
	Suffixes	forming words with common suffixes: -ly, -ed, -er, -est
	Prefixes	forming words with common prefixes: un-, re-, auto-
	Synonyms & antonyms	recognising synonyms and antonyms: big/huge/enormous, big/small
	Sentence types	recognising exclamations, questions, statements and commands
	What is a clause?	differentiating phrases and clauses
	Simple sentences	identifying simple sentences
	Compound sentences	Identifying compound sentences
	Complex sentences	forming complex sentences with subordinate clauses
	Subordinate clauses	understanding the difference between main and subordinate clauses
	Noun phrases	learning the difference between nouns and noun phrases
	Subject-verb agreement	writing sentences with correct subject-verb agreement
	<b>Punctuation</b> 	Full stops
Commas		learning when to use commas
Question marks		learning when to use question marks
Exclamation marks		learning when to use exclamation marks
Apostrophes – contraction		using apostrophes in contractions: can't, I've, we're
Apostrophes – possession I		using apostrophes to show possession with singular nouns: my friend's house
Apostrophes – possession II		using apostrophes to show possession with plural nouns: the shops' window
Semi-colons		learning when to use semi-colons
Colons		learning when to use colons
Brackets		learning when to use brackets
Inverted commas		using inverted commas to show direct speech
Ellipsis		learning when to use ellipsis understanding
Hyphens and dashes		learning the differences and uses of dashes and hyphens



## Curriculum Vocabulary




Tier 3 vocabulary adapted from the DfE's National Curriculum.



KS1/2




Category	Lesson	Vocabulary covered
<b>School Essentials</b> 	Question words	why, to know, question, how, where, when, what
	Useful phrases	Can I go to the toilet, please?, What's the matter?, What are you doing?, Where is/are...?, May I borrow...?, Do you like...?
	Classroom objects	school bag, board, clock, table, chair, book
	Classroom objects II	pen, scissors, glue, ruler, rubber, pencil
	Areas of school	classroom, corridor, library, staffroom, dining hall, playground, hall
	School routines	assembly, home time, bell, lesson, lunch time, playtime
	Giving instructions I	to read, to stop, silence, to help, to check, to copy, to listen
	Giving instructions II	to look, to answer, to talk, to speak, to stand, to sit
	Getting started	title, to finish, to draw, to underline, to write
	Learning & understanding	to mean, to apply, loud, quiet, difficult, easy, to understand
	Classroom aids	water, nurse, inhaler, insulin, hearing aid, glasses, crutch, wheelchair, toilet
<b>English Language</b> 	Word types	noun, preposition, connective, adverb, verb, adjective, proper noun
	Connecting sentences	because, therefore, whereas, however, so, but, and
	Punctuation	paragraph, apostrophe, exclamation mark, question mark, comma, full stop, capital letter
	Spelling	vowel, syllable, double consonant, silent letter, prefix, suffix, consonant
	Book reviews	fiction, genre, setting, character, plot, background, non-fiction
	Persuasive writing I	opinion, imperative verb, modal verb, formal language, view point, statistic, fact
	Persuasive writing II	conclusion, rhetorical question, exaggeration, emotive, to persuade, conditional tense, present tense
	Comparative writing	similarities, weaknesses, strengths, comparative adjective, to summarise, to elaborate, differences
	Recounting stories	narrative, reported speech, direct speech, chronological, past tense, third person, first person







	Writing poetry	shape poetry, personification, repetition, simile, metaphor, rhyme, power of three, onomatopoeia
<b>Maths</b> 	Written numbers I	one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten
	Written numbers II	eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty
	More on numbers I	digit, integer, place value, tens, units, even number, odd number
	More on numbers II	negative number, prime number, factor, prime factor, multiple, percentage
	Adding	add, plus, increase by, sum of, total of
	Subtraction	subtract, take away, minus, decrease by, difference between
	Multiplying & Dividing	multiplied by, times, divided by, share equally, double, halve, remainder
	Counting & Comparing	is more than, is less than, is greater than, is equal to
	Fractions	whole number, denominator, numerator, mixed number, equivalent fractions
	Shapes I	shape, pattern, 2-D, rectangle, square, triangle, circle
	Shapes II	3-D, cube, cuboid, cylinder, sphere, pyramid, symmetrical
	Indicating position	over, under, below, top, bottom, on, in
	Giving directions	left, right, up, down, forwards, backwards, sideways
<b>Biology</b> 	Parts of a plant 1	plant, root, stem, flower, leaf
	Parts of a plant 2	trunk, bulb, seed, branch
	Types of plants	deciduous, evergreen, moss, fern, sunflower, nettle, non-flowering plant, flowering plant
	Talking about flowers	stamen, stigma, corolla, pollen, nectar, petal
	Growing plants	soil, nutrient, photosynthesis, energy, sunlight, carbon dioxide
	Animals	bird, reptile, insect, mammal, amphibian, marsupial, oviparous, vertebrate, invertebrate
	Animal features	wings, beak, scales, webbed feet, sharp teeth, claws, horn
	Habitats 1	habitat, microhabitat, woodland, desert, ocean, grassland
	Habitats 2	meadow, seashore, rainforest, pond, shelter, climate
	Minibeasts	minibeast, ant, worm, spider, centipede, woodlouse, snail
	Food chain	food chain, predator, producer, prey, omnivore, herbivore, carnivore
	The human body	skeleton, heart, lung, muscle, skin, blood, bone, brain
	Nutrition & digestion	digestive system, carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, vitamin, mineral, dietary fibre, balanced diet
	Teeth	incisor, molar, canine, gums, premolar, enamel, plaque, to floss
	The circulatory system	vessel, vein, artery, oxygenated, deoxygenated, to pump




	The water cycle	water cycle, condensation, precipitation, evaporation, runoff, collection
	Human evolution	evolution, gene, chromosome, adaptation, heredity, natural selection, DNA
	Protecting the environment	to recycle, oxygen, landfill site, rubbish, to decompose, plastic, biodegradable
<b>Physics</b> 	Electricity 1	electricity, plug, socket, switched on, switched off, battery
	Electricity 2	circuit, bulb, watt, conductor, insulator
	Circuits	buzzer, switch, wire, cell, lamp
	Forces 1	gravity, to push, to pull, balanced, speed, direction
	Forces 2	friction, strength, air resistance, water resistance, surface
	Magnetism	magnet, magnetic, pole, to attract, to repel, iron, rubber, magnetic field
	Light	light source, periscope, beam, reflection, rainbow, transparent, translucent, opaque
	Sound	vibration, sound wave, decibel, frequency, volume, vacuum
	The solar system	Sun, Moon, planet, to orbit, outer space, star
	Planets	Mercury, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Earth, Mars, Neptune, Venus
<b>Chemistry</b> 	Planning a test	plan, research, prediction, equipment, safe, fair, test
	Doing a test	experiment, pattern, to classify, table, method, bar chart
	Reviewing a test	data, conclusion, report, to observe, to measure
	Everyday materials	wood, metal, glass, paper, fabric, foil, brick
	Describing materials	hard, soft, shiny, rough, smooth, bendy
	How materials change 1	solid, liquid, gas, to heat, degrees Celsius
	How materials change 2	to condense, to freeze, to evaporate, particle, to melt
	Looking at rocks 1	rock, mineral, crystal, organic matter, fossil, sediment
Looking at rocks 2	metamorphic, sedimentary, igneous, sandstone, granite, slate	
<b>Geography</b> 	Continents	Europe, North America, South America, Africa, Asia, Oceania, Antarctica, longitude, latitude
	Places on the planet	the Northern Hemisphere, the Southern Hemisphere, Tropic of Cancer, South Pole, North Pole, Greenwich Meridian, Arctic Circle
	World Oceans	Atlantic Ocean, Indian Ocean, Pacific Ocean, Arctic Ocean, Southern Ocean
	English speaking nations	the UK, England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland, United States of America, Australia, New Zealand
	Weather types I	sunshine, rain, wind, snow, hail, cold, hot
	Weather types II	cloudy, earthquake, tornado, hurricane, blizzard, dry, wet
	Climate types	temperature, flood, drought, heatwave, humidity, climate change
	Using a map	compass, north, south, east, west, near, far, grid reference

	Rivers	river, channel, delta, tributaries, source, meander, estuary
	Exploring the coastline	coast, cliff, stacks, sea wall, erosion, groynes, tide
	Physical geography	beach, sea, forest, hill, mountain, valley
	Human geography	city, town, village, farm, factory, port, harbour
<b>History</b> 	Recording events	timeline, video, diary, speech, remains, newspaper, painting, letter
	Finding evidence I	evidence, interview, document, primary source, secondary source, account, artefact
	British history	prehistoric, Roman Britain, Anglo-Saxons, Vikings, Middle Ages, Tudors, Georgians, Victorians, Edwardians
	Important figures	Julius Caesar, Elizabeth I, Christopher Columbus, Napoleon Bonaparte, Queen Victoria, Florence Nightingale, Winston Churchill
	Monarchy rule	monarchy, revolt, rebellion, sacrifice, traitor, treason
	World civilisations	Ancient Greece, Roman Empire, The Americas, Indus Valley, West Africa, Ancient Egypt, BC (Before Christ), AD (Anno Domini)
	Society structures	empire, king/queen, democracy, parliament, aristocracy, nobleman, peasantry
	Exploring the world	ancient civilisations, colony, conquest, resources, discovery, emigrant, explorer, invasion
	Historical concepts	continuity, change, cause, consequence, significance, chronology, interpretation
	Defence mechanisms	fortification, castle, motte and bailey, hill fort, star fort, defensive wall
	<b>The Arts</b> 	Playing instruments
Musical styles		classical, jazz, rap, folk, blues, pop, rock
Musical elements		dynamics, pitch, rhythm, structure, tempo, melody, harmony
Musical actions		to sing, to play an instrument, to compose, to edit, to record, to hear, to improvise, to conduct
Art types		drawing, printmaking, sculpture, textiles, collage, digital media, colouring, sketching, tracing
Visual arts		colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, space, composition
Types of media		crayon, pastel, paint, paper, canvas, clay, chalk, charcoal
Art vocabulary		portrait, landscape, primary colour, secondary colour, shadow, shading, contrast, photograph, image
Art materials		sponge, card, paintbrush, stencil, acrylic paint, sketchbook

Category	Lesson	Content covered
<b>English Language</b> 	Word types II	article, possessive, pronoun, demonstrative, determiner, conjunction, quantifier
	Expanding sentences	in the first place, after that, next, finally, as a result, firstly, to sum up
	Punctuation II	colon, semicolon, ampersand, quotation marks, hyphen, backslash, asterisk
	Grammar concepts	future tense, indicative, infinitive, present perfect, subjunctive, participle, gerund
	Different types of objects	intransitive verb, transitive verb, complement, direct object, subject, indirect object
	Adding more information	active voice, auxiliary verb, subordinate clause, passive voice, syntax, main clause, relative clause
	The meaning of words	antonym, synonym, etymology, homonym, homophone, root word, word family
	Sounds in language	digraph, grapheme, phoneme, shwa, stress, trigraph, unstressed
	Writing techniques	ellipsis, juxtaposition, alliteration, irony, hyperbole
	Styles of writing	autobiography, epic, tragedy, comedy, novel, prose, drama
<b>Maths</b> 	Larger numbers	hundreds, thousands, million, billion, decimal, ordinal number, cardinal number
	Algebra	exponent, formula, simultaneous equation, arithmetic, brackets, coefficient, constant
	More on shapes	rhombus, pentagon, hexagon, heptagon, octagon, polygon
	Even more shapes	parallelogram, prism, trapezium, equilateral triangle, isosceles triangle, scalene triangle, perimeter
	Drawing lines	horizontal, vertical, diagonal, parallel, perpendicular
	Drawing circumferences	radius, diameter, vertex, circumference, to bisect
	Drawing angles	concave, right angle, acute, obtuse, convex, straight angle, full angle
	Capacity, weight & mass	gram, kilogram, litre, pint, pound, ounce, cubic centimetre
	Measuring distance	kilometre, mile, yard, foot/feet, inch/inches, metre, centimetre, square metre/kilometre
	Handling data	graph, chart, table, diagram, axis
	Using money	pound sterling, pence, change, coin, discount, currency
<b>Biology: KS3</b> 	Cell structure 1	cell, cell wall, cell membrane, nucleus, cytoplasm, vacuole, mitochondria
	Cell structure 2	ribosome, chloroplast, plant cell, animal cell, organism
	Transport in cells	diffusion, substance, osmosis, net movement, active transport, permeable, concentration gradient, surface area
	Specialised cells 1	specialised, nerve cell, muscle cell, root hair cell



	Specialised cells 2	xylem, phloem, unicellular, eukaryotic cell, prokaryotic cell
	Under the microscope	forceps, petri dish, slide, to magnify, eyepiece, objective lens, microscope
	The digestive system	pancreas, liver, salivary gland, gall bladder, small intestine, large intestine, oesophagus, bile
	Enzymes	enzyme, to break down, active site, substrate, to denature, protease, carbohydrase, lipase, amylase
	Blood & vessels	capillary, plasma, white blood cell, red blood cell, to carry, platelets
	The respiratory system	bronchi, trachea, lung, to inhale, to exhale, diaphragm, alveoli
	Health & diseases	bacteria, diet, antibiotics, obesity, diabetes
	Variation	characteristic, natural selection, variation, selective breeding, genetic engineering, environmental
	Evolution	evolution, fossil, extinction, resistant bacteria, Charles Darwin
	Adaptation	population, competition, species, interdependence, adaptation
	Rates of photosynthesis	temperature, light intensity, concentration, limiting factor, glucose, chlorophyll
	Respiration	aerobic, anaerobic, respiration, metabolism, lactic acid
<b>Biology: KS4</b>		
	The heart	atrium, ventricle, pulmonary artery, pulmonary vein, aorta, valve, vena cava
	Heart disease	coronary artery, cholesterol, transplant, stent, pacemaker, clot
	Disease & illness 1	fungus, virus, protist, pathogen, to spread, communicable disease
	Disease & illness 2	illness, stress, non-communicable disease, vaccination, painkillers, to destroy, to cure
	The nervous system	spinal cord, reflex action, signals, stimulus, receptor, coordinator, effector, response
	Stem cells	religious beliefs, to clone, bone marrow, risk, ethical
	Reproduction	mitosis, meiosis, identical, non-identical
	Genetic inheritance 1	double helix, genome, heterozygous, homozygous
	Genetic inheritance 2	phenotype, genotype, allele, dominant, recessive
	Biodiversity	biodiversity, ecosystem, biotic, abiotic, to reduce
<b>Physics: KS3</b>		
	Forces 1	mass, weight, displacement, contact force, non-contact force
	Forces 2	driving force, stopping distance, resultant force, upthrust
	Electricity terms	parallel circuit, potential difference, charge, current, series circuit
	Electrical symbols	resistance, voltmeter, wire, ammeter
	Energy	fuel, renewable, non-renewable, fossil fuel, biofuel

	Types of energy 1	nuclear energy, chemical energy, kinetic energy, light energy, sound energy, gravitational potential energy, elastic potential energy
	Types of energy 2	wind power, geothermal power, hydroelectric power, tidal power, solar power
	Energy transfer	work done, power, useful energy, wasted energy, efficiency, double glazing, thermal insulation
	Wave properties	wave, transverse wave, longitudinal wave, oscillation, wavelength, amplitude, peak, trough
	Space	Milky Way, dwarf planet, satellite, nebula, universe, comet, asteroid
<b>Physics: KS4</b> 	Motion 1	Newton's Law, centre of mass, acceleration, deceleration, speed, reaction time
	Motion 2	velocity, scalar, vector, momentum, spring constant, extension
	Household electricity	live wire, neutral wire, earth wire, mains electricity
	Electrical components	lamp, resistor, variable resistor, thermistor, LDR, LED, diode
	Electromagnetic waves	electromagnetic waves, refraction, radio wave, microwave, ultraviolet, infrared, x-ray
	Radiation	alpha particle, beta particle, gamma ray, radioactive, contamination, unstable
	Electromagnetism	magnetic pole, permanent magnet, induced magnet, solenoid, motor, generator, electromagnet
<b>Chemistry: KS3</b> 	Scientific equipment	Bunsen burner, clamp, stand, tongs, gauze mat, rubber tubing, tripod
	Measuring equipment	filter paper, measuring cylinder, syringe, beaker, test tube, test tube rack, pipette, spatula, filter funnel
	The periodic table 1	periodic table, reactivity, group, period, element, chemical symbol
	The periodic table 2	metal, non-metal, noble gas, alkali metal, halogen
	Elements, compounds & mixtures	compound, mixture, atom, molecule, chemical bond, solution
	Chemical substances	pure, impure, solute, solvent, to dissolve
	Separating mixtures	soluble, insoluble, filtration, chromatography, residue, distillation
	Acids and alkalis	acid, alkali, base, pH scale, universal indicator, neutral
	Chemical reactions 1	reactant, product, balanced chemical equation, word equation, catalyst, neutralisation, conservation of mass
	Chemical reactions 2	combustion, exothermic reaction, endothermic reaction, oxidation, thermal decomposition
	Metals	displacement reaction, reactivity series, hydrogen, reactive, to extract
	The Earth's atmosphere	atmosphere, methane, ozone layer, greenhouse effect, carbon footprint

<b>Chemistry: KS4</b> 	Atomic structure 1	nucleus, proton, neutron, electron, shell, particle
	Atomic structure 2	isotope, atomic mass, mass number, atomic number, ion, state symbol
	Bonding & Structures	ionic bonding, covalent bonding, metallic bonding, monomer, alloy, polymer
	Carbon	graphite, diamond, graphene, fullerene, crude oil, fractional distillation, cracking
	Electrolysis	electrolysis, electrolyte, electrode, anode, cathode, positive ion, negative ion, ore
<b>Geography</b> 	UK & former territories	Great Britain, county, British Overseas Territories, Crown Dependencies, English Channel, Commonwealth, Union Jack
	More types of climate	tropical, continental, Mediterranean, polar, alpine, impact event
	Travelling the coastline	cape, gulf, island, peninsula, lake, waterfall, archipelago
	Mountains & landscapes	peak, range, hillside, landlocked, plateau, plain
	Physical geography II	savannah, ecosystem, jungle, meadow, steppe, tundra, volcano, glacier
	Natural disasters	tsunami, avalanche, storm, volcanic eruption, fire
	Climate change	Ice Age, desertification, Pangea, global warming, sea level rise
	Trade activity	primary sector, secondary sector, tertiary sector, quaternary sector, agriculture, livestock
	Man-made disasters	extinction, deforestation, urbanisation, industrialisation, oil slick, pollution
	Crossing countries	border, toll, customs, checkpoint, state, security control, immigration
<b>History</b> 	Reading maps	set-square, topography, degree, scale, compass
	Finding evidence II	encyclopaedia, resource, quote, bibliography, alphabetical order
	Prehistoric Britain	Stone Age, Bronze Age, Iron Age, Stonehenge, Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic
	Medieval Britain	Norman Conquest, Crusades, Magna Carta, Black Death, Peasant's Revolt, Hundred Years War, Wars of the Roses
	Renaissance & Reformation	Renaissance (history period), English Reformation, Counter Reformation, the Interregnum, the Restoration, Glorious Revolution, Acts of Union of 1707
	The 18th & 19th Centuries	British Empire, Enlightenment, Seven Years War, American War of Independence, Industrial Revolution, Adam Smith
	The outbreak of war	First World War, Great Depression, women's suffrage, Armistice Day, Remembrance poppy, Treaty of Versailles, Wall Street Crash, League of Nations
	The Second World War	Second World War, Holocaust, atomic bomb, Pearl Harbour attack, the Allies, the Axis, the Blitz
	Britain after 1945	Indian independence, Wind of Change speech, baby boomer generation, Welfare State, Elizabeth II, Margaret Thatcher

	The world after 1945	Soviet Union, Cold War, Federal Republic of Germany, German Democratic Republic, Berlin Wall, Marshall Plan
	Inventions & discoveries	printing press, incandescent light bulb, telephone, penicillin, radio, television, the Internet
<b>The Arts</b> 	Playing instruments I	cello, opera, double bass, xylophone, orchestra, flute, harp
	Musical language	flat (note), quaver, crotchet, minim, clef, stave
	Art vocabulary II	outline, tone, tint, light, dark, background image, symmetry
	Materials & techniques	glass, wood, porcelain, glaze, oil paint, watercolour
	The history of art	Classicism, Renaissance, Baroque, Gothic, Neoclassicism, Romanticism, Naturalism
	Modern Art	abstract art, Modernism, Realism, Impressionism, Expressionism, contemporary art
	British art	Celtic art, Victorian art, William Shakespeare, Charlie Chaplin, Alfred Hitchcock, Tate Modern, National Gallery
	Types of architecture	column, arch, vault, wall, dome, tower, cathedral, bell tower
	The fashion industry	fabric, designer, vintage, old-fashioned, fashionable, model, trend
	Cinema & film	director, actor/actress, script, camera, shooting, cinematography, film
<b>ICT</b> 	Parts of a computer	software, hardware, monitor, mouse, speakers, Central Processing Unit, Random-access memory, keyboard
	Computer actions	to click, cursor, window, to restore, to minimise, to close, tab
	Using the desktop	start, icon, recycle bin, folder, shortcut, to log off, to restart, to shut down
	Using a programme	programme, firewall, to print, to insert, to paste, to cut, font
	Using the Internet	server, webpage, domain, to search, to reload, browser, search engine
	Surfing the Net	link, to upload, to download, history, user, password, email
	Saving information	database, file, cloud database, backup, algorithm, computer programming
	Types of device	laptop, tablet, mobile phone, Wi-Fi, modem, PC, printer
	Tech accessories	charger, earphones, wire, microphone, memory card, antivirus, webcam
	Global communication	application, social network, blog, TV channel, follower
<b>Design and Technology</b>	Developing ideas	mood board, cross-sectional diagram, exploded diagram, prototype, pattern piece, template
	Designing a product	computer-aided design, mock-up, product, biomimicry, user-centred design, 3-D modelling, mathematical modelling
	Making a product	to critique, to evaluate, to design, to shape, to manufacture, to join, to complete








	Different tools	gouge, chisel, screw, nut, spanner, file, coping saw
	Different materials	ceramics, brick, timber, metal, aluminium, cork, polystyrene
	Material properties	conductivity, ductility, elasticity, durability, malleability, fusibility
	Mechanisms	lever, slider, wheel, axle, gear, joint, pulley
	Electrical systems	series circuits, switch, buzzer, motor, input, output
	Time to cook	taste, consistency, to season, ingredient, smell, expiration date, oxidation
	Keeping healthy	nutrient, varied diet, calorie, diet, macronutrients, micronutrients, malnutrition
<b>Citizenship</b>		
	All about the UK	government, unitary state, constitutional monarchy, UK citizen, citizenship
	The UK government	House of Commons, House of Lords, UK Parliament, member of Parliament (MP), Palace of Westminster, Prime Minister, Cabinet, King / Queen
	The UK legal system	constitution, act, English law, Northern Irish law, Scots law, Supreme Court, article
	The UK political system	political party, to vote, elections, socialism, conservatism, seat, coalition
	The UK economy	capitalism, Her Majesty's Treasury, Bank of England, market economy, GDP (gross domestic product), London, developed country
	The UK Justice system	court, tribunal, Metropolitan Police, British armed forces, Ministry of Justice
	Other forms of government	republic, federal state, parliamentary monarchy, sovereign state, undeveloped country
	Cultural diversity	multiculturalism, English, Celtic languages, Asian languages, ethnic group, migration
	Religions in the UK	Church of England, Islam, Hinduism, Sikhism, atheistic, Agnostic, Judaism, Buddhism
	Human rights	Human Rights Act 1998, equality, freedom, respect, rights
	The UK & the rest of the world	United Nations, NATO, G7 forum, European Union, special relationship

## Reading Comprehensions

Short reading comprehension texts which contextualise tier 3 vocabulary from the corresponding FlashAcademy® curriculum vocabulary lessons.



KS1/2




Category	Lesson	Comprehension overview
<b>English Language</b> 	Word types	A poem describing the different word types.
	Connecting sentences	A short narrative about Daisy cooking dinner for her friend.
	Punctuation	A non-fiction text about the diversity of languages and animals in Papua New Guinea.
	Spelling	A descriptive text about silent letters and double letters.
	Book reviews	A narrative about a best-selling science fiction author.
	Persuasive writing I	An extract of an argument against the 5p bag tax.
	Persuasive writing II	An extract of an advert for FlashChocolate.
	Comparative writing	An extract of an essay comparing books and films.
	Recounting stories	A narrative about Rachel waiting for her friend Luke, who is running late as usual.
	Writing poetry	A poem about a mouse, a tree and the wind.
<b>Maths</b> 	Written numbers I	A narrative about Lizzy picking 7 apples from her garden.
	Written numbers II	A poem about being different ages.
	More on numbers I	A descriptive passage about a number's digits.
	More on numbers II	Ben is trying to divide 7 books equally between him and a friend.
	Adding	A first-person account of the growing frog population in a garden.
	Subtraction	A group of friends are deliberating over the bill for their Chinese takeaway.
	Multiplying & Dividing	Sam is trying to halve his time when running.
	Counting & Comparing	Rachel and Jenny are comparing how many apples they have.
	Fractions	Mary bakes two pies and is using fractions to work out how much has been eaten.
	Shapes I	A description about Big Ben and breaking it down into simple shapes.
	Shapes II	A look at 3-D shapes in real life, from footballs to the pyramids in Egypt.
	Indicating position	A description of a house and where rooms are in relation to each other.
	Giving directions	Amber asks someone for directions to the train station.

<b>Geography</b> 	Continents	A soliloquy about the desire to see the world.
	Places on the planet	A description about how the tilt of the world influences weather and seasons.
	World Oceans	A description of world oceans, where they are and their etymologies.
	English speaking nations	A description of England, Scotland, Wales and New Zealand and some of their minority languages.
	Weather types I	A conversation between Jeff and Chris about the weather.
	Weather types II	A soliloquy about the weather in Vietnam.
	Climate types	The Smith family arrive in Florida and India is surprised by the humidity.
	Using a map	A poem about travelling the world.
	Rivers	A description of the Amazon river in South America.
	Exploring the coastline	A description of how tides are formed.
	Physical geography	A description of Heidi's home in the mountains and her dream home by the sea.
	Human geography	A first-person account of growing up on a farm and moving to university.
<b>History</b> 	Recording events	A description of timelines.
	Finding evidence I	A description of types of sources, using the example of sources relating to the pyramids of Giza.
	British history	An overview of different periods of British History.
	Important figures	A text linking Napoleon Bonaparte, Julius Caesar, Queen Victoria and Winston Churchill.
	Monarchy rule	A dialogue between Leonard and Beatrice about overthrowing the monarchy.
	World civilisations	The influence of ancient civilisations on our civilisation.
	Society structures	A letter to Queen Elsie encouraging her to make a royal visit to Aetla.
	Exploring the world	A description of the 1606 discovery of Australia and how the gold rush impacted migration.
	Historical concepts	The causes, consequences and impact of the French revolution.
	Defence mechanisms	Zara and her dad build sandcastles inspired by Norman castle's defence mechanisms.
<b>The Arts</b> 	Playing instruments	A description of how orchestra is arranged based on musical instrument families.
	Musical styles	Ahmed describes his family's favourite genres and musical abilities.
	Musical elements	A poem about musical vocabulary.
	Musical actions	Julie is creating music with her band, the Prague Pixies.
	Art types	Robert's dad helps him to create an interesting art piece using a range of techniques.

	Visual arts	A description of Vincent van Gogh's artwork and how Amsterdam's Van Gogh museum have made the art inclusive.
	Types of media	A description of Stella's work as an art student.
	Art vocabulary	An investigation into paper orientation.
	Art materials	A description of how Michelangelo chose his materials to paint the Sistine chapel.

KS3/4

Category	Lesson	Content covered
<b>English Language</b> 	Word types II	A short descriptive text about a vampire receiving a letter from the council.
	Expanding sentences	A non-fiction text about tsunamis.
	Punctuation II	A non-fiction description of Komodo dragons.
	Grammar concepts	A short autobiography on playing football.
	Different types of objects	A science-fiction text about a boy visiting his pet dog after an operation.
	Adding more information	A non-fiction text about the etymology of 'hippopotamus'.
	The meaning of words	A non-fiction text about studying octopuses.
	Sounds in language	A non-fiction text about space, which includes trigraphs and unstressed sounds.
	Writing techniques	A non-fiction text about the solar system.
	Styles of writing	A fictionalised autobiography about hiding from the Nazis in the Second World War.
<b>Maths</b> 	Larger numbers	A comparison of population sizes of London, Shanghai and the Vatican City.
	Algebra	Using algebra and simultaneous equations to find the price of the tickets to the zoo.
	More on shapes	As Sally prepares for her first day of secondary school, she notices the world is full of shapes.
	Even more shapes	A description of different shapes.
	Drawing lines	A description of the properties of lines.
	Drawing circumferences	A non-fiction text labelling the sections of circles.
	Drawing angles	A text describing different types of angles using pizza.
	Capacity, weight & mass	A family are making pancakes for Shrove Tuesday and need to measure and weigh the ingredients.
	Measuring distance	Converting the distance from London to Paris from kilometres to miles.
	Handling data	Melissa conducts a survey on how many siblings pupils in her year have.
Using money	Ian is saving money to go on holiday.	
<b>Geography</b>	UK & former territories	A text on Canada, Australia and New Zealand becoming self-governing and the Commonwealth forming.
	More types of climate	A description of different types of climate and examples of where to find that climate.
	Travelling the coastline	A description of different types of coastlines.

	Mountains & landscapes	A text of different mountains, such as Mount Everest.
	Physical geography II	A description of different types of ecosystem.
	Natural disasters	A glossary of different types of natural disasters.
	Climate change	The natural and man-made factors which can affect the Earth's climate.
	Trade activity	The different industrial sectors and jobs included in these sectors.
	Man-made disasters	The cause and impact of man-made disasters.
	Crossing countries	A definition of a border and the different governmental services at borders.
	Reading maps	A discussion of some of the features found on an Ordnance Survey map.
<b>History</b> 	Finding evidence II	The importance of sources and recording sources in a bibliography.
	Prehistoric Britain	A text about early humans in prehistoric Britain.
	Medieval Britain	A description about the 14 <sup>th</sup> century in Britain, including the Hundred Years War, the Black Death and the Peasants' Revolt.
	Renaissance & Reformation	A description of how the English Civil War led to the Interregnum, followed by the Restoration.
	The 18th & 19th Centuries	The discovery of the 'New World', the Seven Years War and the formation of the United States of America, following the War of Independence.
	The outbreak of war	A description of the First World War, including the causes, alliance structure and armistice.
	The Second World War	The impact of the Blitz to 1940s Britain and the arrival of Soviet Russia and the United States of America into the war.
	Britain after 1945	The coronation of Queen Elizabeth II and introduction of the welfare state. The text continues to discuss the first female prime minister, Margaret Thatcher.
	The world after 1945	The emergence of the Soviet Union and the United States of America as superpowers post 1945 and the start of the Cold War.
	Inventions & discoveries	The importance of inventing the telephone and radio.
<b>The Arts</b> 	Playing instruments I	Grouping music instruments into different families.
	Musical language	Juliette is composing a piece of music for a friend and describing the elements of written music.
	Art vocabulary II	A description about pop art.
	Materials & techniques	A biography of Picasso.
	The history of art	An overview of the different artistic periods.
	Modern Art	A description of the Tate Modern and the artwork inside.
	British art	A biography of Charlie Chaplin, the British comic actor.
	Types of architecture	A description of St. Paul's Cathedral.

	The fashion industry	A biography of Coco Chanel and how she was revolutionary in the fashion industry.
	Cinema & film	A fictional scene in which Niran is directing a film starring Lillian.
<b>ICT</b> 	Parts of a computer	A description of the capabilities of George's new computer.
	Computer actions	A first-person account of using a computer to do homework.
	Using the desktop	A first-person account of teaching a grandmother how to use the computer.
	Using a programme	A description of different word processing programmes and their functions.
	Using the Internet	A description of Firefox and its capabilities.
	Surfing the Net	The rationale behind why some websites ask the user to verify their email address.
	Saving information	A discussion of types of data storage.
	Types of device	A first-person account of Wifi problems whilst working on a school project.
	Tech accessories	The uses of different types of accessories, such as headphones, webcams and antivirus software.
	Global communication	A description of the social media platform Twitter.
<b>Design and Technology</b> 	Developing ideas	An investigation into the different ways to organise ideas and inspiration.
	Designing a product	An evaluation of CAD software and user-centred design.
	Making a product	A description of the iterative design process.
	Different tools	A description of different tools used to shape wood.
	Different materials	The properties of different types of materials and their uses.
	Material properties	The properties of different metals and their uses.
	Mechanisms	A description of levers, linkages and pulleys.
	Electrical systems	A description of a system with an LDR, a buzzer and a switch.
	Time to cook	A short story of two siblings making a lasagna.
	Keeping healthy	The importance of a balanced diet and a description of the different food groups.
<b>Citizenship</b> 	All about the UK	An overview of the UK's political system and the nations of the UK.
	The UK government	The difference between the House of Commons and the House of Lords.
	The UK legal system	The UK's constitutional arrangement with the nations which make up the union.
	The UK political system	A description of the UK's major political parties.
	The UK economy	The UK's economic model and the economic inequalities in the UK.
	The UK Justice system	An overview of the justice system in the UK.
	Other forms of government	A comparison of the UK's government with Spain, Ireland, the USA, North Korea, China and Saudi Arabia.
	Cultural diversity	The minority and regional languages in the UK.

	Religions in the UK	The size of different religious groups in the UK according to the 2011 census data.
	Human rights	The different rights that everyone in the UK is eligible for.
	The UK & the rest of the world	A description of the United Nations (UN), G7 forum, NATO and European Union.



## Wow Words

Animated, ambitious tier 2 vocabulary to improve writing.

KS1/2

Category	Lesson	Wow words learnt
<b>Food &amp; Drink</b>	What does it taste like?	mouth-watering, revolting, sour, spicy, bland
	How to eat	to gnaw, to slurp, to sample, to savour, to devour
<b>Home, Time &amp; Leisure</b>	Home sweet home	enormous, filthy, spacious, gleaming, cluttered
	Set the scene	urban, rustic, lush, wooded, grassy
<b>Holiday &amp; Travel</b>	Describing architecture	majestic, ancient, colossal, ruined, multistorey
	Holiday time	relaxation, adventure, water park, safari, farm stay
<b>Numbers, Shopping and Colours</b>	Describing fabric I	hand-knitted, stretchy, breathable, baggy, crisp
	Fashion and style	glamorous, shabby, quirky, dapper, casual
<b>Work &amp; School</b>	What are you like? I	polite, chatty, sluggish, moody, amusing
	What are you like? II	creative, timid, ambitious, hardworking, bookish
<b>Nature &amp; Society</b>	Something in the atmosphere	breathtaking, haunted, calm, deserted, polluted
	Whatever the weather	gusty, gloomy, scorching, showery, frosty
<b>Health &amp; Body</b>	Familiar feelings	delighted, grumpy, annoyed, exhausted, poorly
	Describing body size	buff, petite, scrawny, plump, slim

KS3/4 GCSE

Category	Lesson	Wow words learnt
<b>Food &amp; Drink</b>	Feeling hungry?	bloated, parched, ravenous, peckish, unquenchable
	Dinnertime	to guzzle, to satiate, to chomp, to tantalise, to quaff
<b>Family &amp; Relationships</b>	Extreme emotions I	belittled, overwhelmed, optimistic, exasperated, melancholic
	Extreme emotions II	envious, belligerent, lethargic, jubilant, inconsolable
<b>Everyday Life</b>	Interior design	immaculate, contemporary, minimalistic, eclectic, luxurious

	Ways to move	to trudge, to saunter, to plummet
<b>Travelling</b>	Wild weather I	balmy, torrential, blustery, bitter, dewy
	Wild weather II	drizzly, temperate, unpredictable, misty, muggy
<b>Out &amp; About</b>	Describing fabric II	distressed, embellished, flammable, waterproof, threadbare
	Describing clothes	tattered, sophisticated, underdressed, ill-fitting, ostentatious
<b>Career &amp; Studies</b>	Positive characteristics	adept, diplomatic, persuasive, meticulous, tenacious
	Negative characteristics	fractious, complacent, insolent, defamatory, narcissistic
<b>Health &amp; Body</b>	Body verbs	to quiver, to slither, to wince, to bawl, to howl
	Describing body size II	portly, emaciated, athletic, brawny, gangly
<b>Environment &amp; Social Issues</b>	Varied environments	contaminated, wilderness, vegetation, overgrown, lagoon
	Words about power	autocracy, conjecture, dichotomy, avarice, benevolence



## Curriculum Wow Words

Animated tier 2 vocabulary lessons linked to curriculum subjects to improve academic reading and writing

KS1/2

Category	Lesson	Wow words learnt
<b>English Language</b>	Describing readers and writers	avid, anonymous, articulate, succinct, long-winded
	Describing books	engrossing, eerie, far-fetched, moving, tedious
<b>Maths</b>	Talking about shapes	spherical, shapeless, identical, oblong, elongated
	Maths in real life	adjacent, equivalent, finite, average, simultaneous
<b>Geography</b>	Describing animals and habitats	teeming, carefree, weary, fragile, sparse
	In the ocean	current, cove, creek, reef, whirlpool
<b>History</b>	Royalty and loyalty	banquet, plot, conflict, truce, heritage
	Describing history	reprehensible, notorious, biased, plausible, noble
	War and peace	to capture, to trigger, to overthrow, to betray, to reign
<b>The Arts</b>	Performance verbs	to gesticulate, to compose, to collaborate, to rehearse, to produce
	Musical verbs	to screech, to blast, to busk, to hum, to pluck



Category	Lesson	Wow words learnt
English Language	Literary verbs	to evoke, to infer, to recount, to unveil, to wonder
	Describing characters	taciturn, villainous, charismatic, cunning, witty
Maths	Describing statistics	variable, proportional, anomalous, incremental, ascending
	Using data	to convert, to extrapolate, to estimate, to transform, to scatter
Geography	On an adventure	oasis, voyage, pioneer, ordeal, escapade
	Climbing a mountain	endurance, precipice, altitude, orientation, pinnacle
History	History verbs	to veto, to abolish, to unearth, to liberate, to recollect
	Historical nouns	alliance, exodus, ancestor, census, epoch
The Arts	Describing art and design	iridescent, intricate, garish, flamboyant, surreal
	Describing music	cacophonous, shrill, catchy, grating, lyrical
ICT	Describing computers	analogue, binary, cryptic, compatible, malicious
	Technology words	archive, interface, bundle, clone, iteration
Design & Technology	Describing inventions	robust, bespoke, obsolete, ingenious, aesthetic
	Finishing touches	to garnish, to enhance, to render, to gauge, to sprinkle
Citizenship	Behaving in society	to chastise, to conform, to deface, to abate, to shirk
	Breaking the rules	complicit, corrupt, reckless, remorseful, flagrant



## Idioms

Animated lessons and tips teach pupils the literal and figurative meaning of common English idioms.

### Intermediate

Category	Lesson	Idioms included
Food & Drink	Food 1	a couch potato, not my cup of tea, a piece of cake, as cool as a cucumber, full of beans

	Food 2	to put all your eggs in one basket, to go bananas, to have a lot on your plate, to be in hot water, to spill the beans
<b>Family &amp; Relationships</b>	Good relationships	a social butterfly, to see eye to eye, like two peas in a pod, to be in someone's good books, to get on like a house on fire
	Bad relationships	to have a broken heart, hot-headed, to clear the air, to go round in circles, to go your separate ways
<b>Everyday Life</b>	All about time	time flies, to beat the clock, to kill time, in a month of Sundays, to do time
	Around the house	to wake up on the wrong side of the bed, to hit the roof, to have a skeleton in the closet, everything but the kitchen sink, out the window
<b>Travelling</b>	Modes of transport	to lose your train of thought, to drive you up the wall, to take a back seat, to put the cart before the horse, to hit the road
	Watery travel	in the same boat, that ship has sailed, up the creek without a paddle, I'll cross that bridge when I come to it, a drop in the ocean
<b>Out &amp; About</b>	Colours	to see red, to be green with envy, to feel blue, to get the green light, tickled pink
	Clothes	at the drop of a hat, to wear your heart on your sleeve, to fit like a glove, to put yourself in someone else's shoes, to pull your socks up
<b>Career &amp; Studies</b>	At school	to put your thinking cap on, bookworm, to hear a pin drop, to hit the books, to be off the hook
	Working hard	to think outside the box, to give someone a piece of your mind, to know the ropes, to bend over backwards, busy bee
<b>Health &amp; Body</b>	Body parts	to cost an arm and a leg, to get cold feet, to give someone a hand, to pull someone's leg, to get something off your chest
	Facial features	off the top of my head, to cry your eyes out, to be all ears, to keep an eye on someone, to have a sweet tooth
<b>Environment &amp; Social Issues</b>	Animals	the elephant in the room, to watch like a hawk, to have ants in your pants, to let the cat out of the bag, copycat
	Weather	a storm in a teacup, to break the ice, to be on cloud nine, to have your head in the clouds, to rain on someone's parade

### Advanced

Category	Lesson	Idioms included
<b>Economics, Business &amp; Education</b>	Money	made of money, to have deep pockets, to save for a rainy day, to tighten your belt, a small fortune
	Doing well at work	to read someone like a book, to hit the ground running, to go the extra mile, to pull a few strings, to take someone under your wing

<b>Politics &amp; Religion</b>	Knowledge	to know something inside out, to pick your brain, to be in two minds, to let your mind wander, to ring a bell
	Parts of the body	to give someone the cold shoulder, to get off on the wrong foot, elbow grease, under your nose, a pain in the neck
<b>The World Around Us</b>	On a journey	to go off the rails, to back pedal, to miss the boat, at a crossroads, on your bike
	Wildlife	a little bird told me, to pig out, a whale of a time, butterflies in your stomach, hold your horses
<b>New Technologies &amp; Media</b>	In the sky	over the moon, written in the stars, snowed under, it's not rocket science, on another planet
	Relax!	to let your hair down, to unwind, to be on top of the world, to switch off, to recharge your batteries
<b>Health &amp; Lifestyle</b>	Medical	a bitter pill to swallow, on its last legs, sick and tired, a taste of your own medicine, just what the doctor ordered
	Feeling sporty?	on the ball, the ball's in your court, sink or swim, to throw in the towel, to drop the ball
<b>Global Issues</b>	Food 3	a tough nut to crack, big cheese, best thing since sliced bread, a smart cookie, to have bigger fish to fry
	Food 4	a bad egg, in a pickle, the pot calling the kettle black, to simmer down, to go pear-shaped
<b>Society &amp; Relationships</b>	Age & personality	party animal, no spring chicken, lone wolf, young at heart, a heart of stone
	Family relationships	to sleep like a baby, helicopter parent, a chip off the old block, in your blood, to fly the nest
<b>Art, History &amp; Tradition</b>	Music	to face the music, to blow your own trumpet, like a broken record, music to my ears, to change your tune
	Fashion	to put a sock in it, under your belt, to quake in your boots, it's in the bag, cut from the same cloth



## Fluency Boosts

Targeted error correction for some of the most challenging aspects  
of English grammar and language

KS1/2

Category	Lesson	Content covered
<b>Maths</b>	To, two, too	identifying when to use the homophones 'to', 'two' and 'too'

<b>Geography</b>	They're, their, there	identifying when to use the homophones 'they're', 'their' and 'there'
	Where, wear, were, we're	identifying when to use the homophones 'where' and 'wear' and the commonly confused 'were' and 'we're'
	It's vs. Its	learning the difference between 'its' and 'it's' and when to use these forms
<b>History</b>	Are vs. Our	identifying when to use the homophones 'are' and 'our'
	Your vs. You're	identifying when to use the homophones 'your' and 'you're'

*KS3/4 GCSE*

<b>Category</b>	<b>Lesson</b>	<b>Content covered</b>
<b>Maths</b>	Currency symbols	learning where to place currency symbols, including commas, decimal points, the pound sign and pence sign